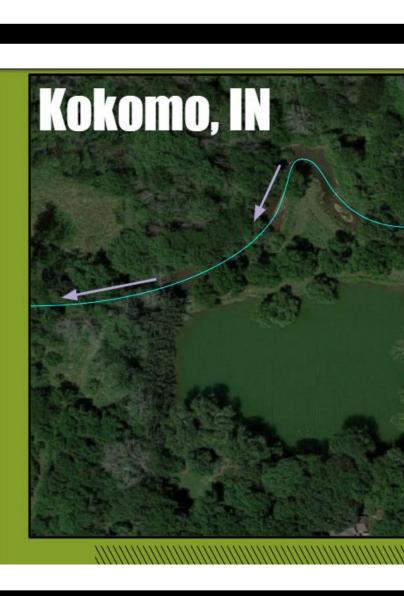


Theresa Ingermann (ENRE), Billy Sipes (ENRE), Maiqi Zhang (AE)

Problem Statement

The landowners, the Cotners', and The Nature Conservancy need a solution to reduce the erosion occurring on the bank between the Cotners' pond and the adjacent stream in Kokomo, IN.

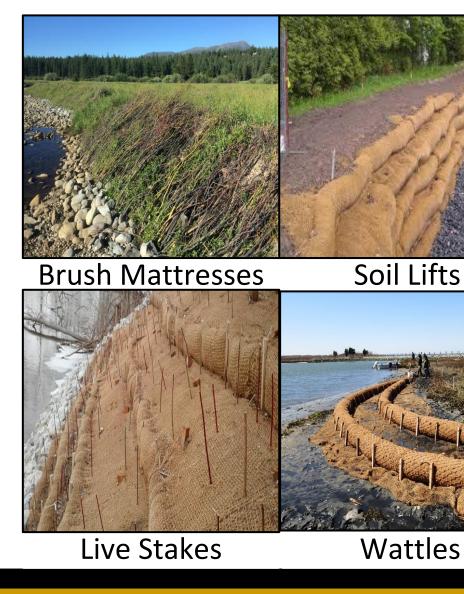


Important Factors				
Factors	Importance			
Public Health	Safety of homeowners			
Global	Demonstration Project			
Social	Beneficial for neighbors			
Cultural	Environmental Stewardship			
Economic	Retention of property value			
Environmental	Erosion control, reduced sediment transport			

Constraints and Criteria				
Constraints	Criteria			
Must not depend on large construction equipment	Reduce amount of erosion: change in stream classification factors			
Prefer an ecologically-based engineering solution	Resilient and long-lasting			
Must stay within permits and standards	Utilization of bioengineering/environmental systems			
\$10,000 budget	Cost of \$10,000 or less			
	Able to be implemented in a reasonable amount of time			

Alternative Solutions

- Brush Mattresses & Livestaking/Vegetation
- Brush Mattresses & Grading
- Brush Mattresses & Wattles
- Livestaking/Vegetation & Grading
- Livestaking/Vegetation & Soil Lifts
- Soil Lifts & Brush Mattresses
- Rip Rap & Grading



Technical Advisor: Dr. Sara McMialln

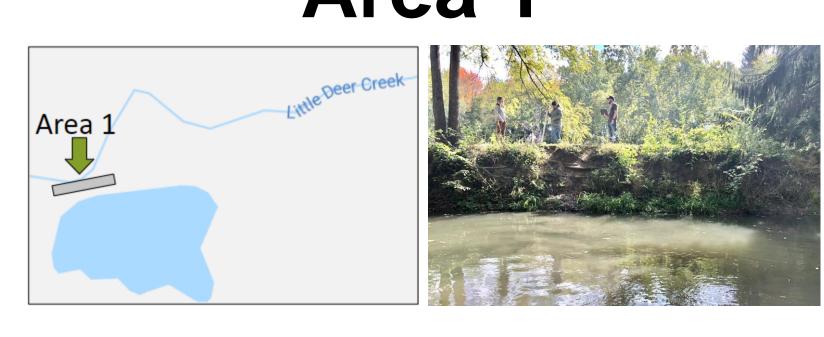
Grading

Rip Rap

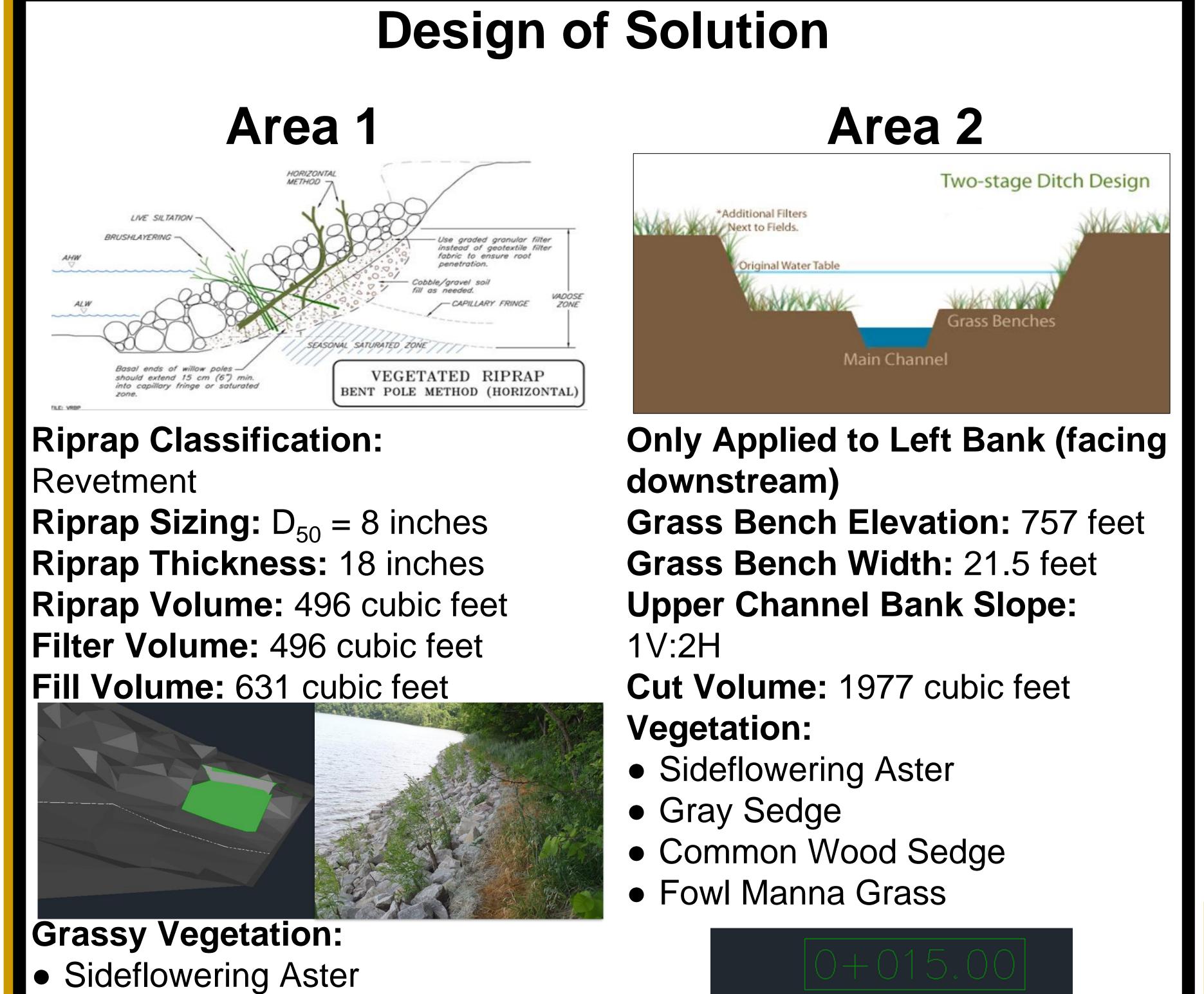
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Agricultural and **Biological Engineering**

Two areas of concern were identified. Both of these areas were selected because of the banks' steep slopes, minimal vegetation for bank coverage, and susceptibility to higher velocity waters Area 2 Area 1



Area 1 is the main area of concern because the stream at this point meanders very close to the pond, endangering the stability of the levee between the stream and pond **Solution:** Vegetated Riprap



- Gray Sedge
- Common Wood Sedge
- Fowl Manna Grass
- Woody Vegetation:
- Salix Discolor (Pussy Willow)
- Prairie Willow
- Sandbar Willow

Instructors:

- Dr. John Lumkes
- Dr. John Evans
- Dr. Margaret Gitau

Acknowledgements: All the industry professionals that took the time to come in during the semester to provide feedback at various stages of the project

CAPSTONE/SENIOR DESIGN EXPERIENCE 2020

Title:NC-1 Nature Conservancy Pond-Stream Rehabilitation Project

Final Solution





Area 2 is being targeted to help reduce flow downstream to Area 1 during large storm events **Solution:** Two-Stage Floodplain Reconnection

HEC-RAS:

Program modeled stream flow with various design storms to assess shear stress from flow on the stream banks. Table below shows the reduction of shear stress on Area 1 banks when vegetated riprap is added to the current bare banks.

Scoring system used to evaluate a streambank's susceptibility to erosion. The original banks and estimate for modified banks for Area 1 and Area 2 scores listed in table below. These scores show that the minimal soil protection and shear slopes were large contributors to erosion susceptibility.

Original		Design Est.		Original		Design Est.	
Area 1		Area 1		Area 2		Area 2	
	BEHI		BEHI		BEHI		BEHI
	Score		Score		Score		Score
35%	4.95	90%	1.45	15%	6.95	60%	2.95
10%	8.5	75%	2.95	15%	6.95	60%	2.95
10%	8.5	100%	1.45	15%	6.95	40%	4.95
87°	6.95	27°	2.95	82°	6.95	82°	6.95
	28.9		8.8		27.8		17.8
Very	High	Lo	w	Hi	gh	Mod	erate
	Are 35% 10% 10% 87°	Area 1 BEHI Score 35% 4.95 10% 8.5 10% 8.5 6.95	Area 1 Area Area 1 Area BEHI Score 35% 4.95 90% 10% 8.5 75% 10% 8.5 100% 87° 6.95 27° 28.9 28.9 500%	Area 1 Area 1 BEHI BEHI Score Score 35% 4.95 90% 10% 8.5 75% 2.95 10% 8.5 100% 1.45 87° 6.95 27° 2.95 87° 28.9 8.8 8.8	Area 1 Area 1 Area 1 Area 1 BEHI BEHI BEHI Score Score Score Score 35% 4.95 90% 1.45 15% 10% 8.5 75% 2.95 15% 10% 8.5 100% 1.45 15% 87° 6.95 27° 2.95 82° 28.9 8.8 8.8 100% 1.45	Area 1 Area 1 Area 2 Area 1 BEHI BEHI BEHI Score BEHI Score BEHI Score 90% 1.45 15% 6.95 10% 8.5 75% 2.95 15% 6.95 10% 8.5 100% 1.45 15% 6.95 10% 8.5 27% 2.95 82° 6.95 87° 6.95 27° 2.95 82° 6.95 87° 28.9 8.8 27.8 27.8	Area 1 Area 1 Area 2 Area 1 BEHI BEHI BEHI BEHI BEHI Score Score 35% 4.95 90% 1.45 15% 6.95 60% 10% 8.5 75% 2.95 15% 6.95 60% 10% 8.5 100% 1.45 15% 6.95 60% 10% 8.5 2.95 15% 6.95 40% 10% 8.5 2.95 82° 6.95 82° 28.9 28.9 8.8 2.7.8 2.7.8 2.7.8

Project Budget Category Area 1 Riprap Sto

Area 1 Filter Mate Area 1 on-site fill

Area 2 Excavatior

Loader

Area 1 Operator

Backhoe & Area 2

Total Labor

Total Cost (\$)

All design notes will be handed off to The Nature Conservancy. They have accepted the responsibility of finding contractors to bring in and operate the equipment needed to excavate Area 2 and fill Area 1. They will manage the workers that will hand-place the riprap stones into the bank of Area 1. The Nature Conservancy also has a nursery that will be supplying the grass seed needed, as well as starting the woody species. The livestaking of the woody species will need to be layered into the riprap as it is laid. The team recommends that after construction is complete and the vegetation has established itself that The Nature Conservancy returns to the site to conduct another BEHI assessment to properly gauge the impact that the designs have on the streambanks.

Impact and Analysis

Shear Stresses of Modified Cross-Sections (lb/ft^2)					
Cross Section	Current Conditions	Added Vegetation	Added Rip-Rap		
1.1	0.34	0.18	0.12		
1.2	0.17	0.11	0.07		
1.3	0.15	0.10	0.07		
1.4	0.11	0.06	0.05		

Bank Erosion Hazard Index (BEHI):

Economic Analysis

t				
	Unit	Quantity	Price (\$/unit)	Cost (\$)
one	ton	46	50.00	2300.00
erial	ton	46	19.00	874.00
	cubic yard	15	4.44	66.60
n	cubic yard	75	3.92	294.00
	hour	35	120.00	4200.00
	hour	35	50.00	1750.00
2 Operator	hour	5	100.00	500.00
	hour	30	40.00	1200.00
				11184.60

Project Implementation